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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/975,020	10/12/2001	Alan J. Magill	P66822US0 (WRAIR 98-40/46	7596
53502 7590 02/08/2007			EXAMINER	
OFFICE OF 11	HE STAFF JUDGE AL			
U.S. ARMY MED. RESEARCH & MATERIAL COMMAND 504 SCOTT STREET ATTN: MCMR-JA (MS. ELIZABETH ARWINE) FORT DETRICK, MD 21702-5012			DUFFY, PATRICIA ANN	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1645	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS 02/08/2007		DADED		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

·	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Autient Commence	09/975,020	MAGILL ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Patricia A. Duffy	1645				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timil apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 No</u>	ovember 2006					
	action is non-final.	•				
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	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
	parto gasyro, 1000 G.B. 11, 10					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 4,11,12,22-25,29,30 and 32-34 is/are	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>4,11,12,22-25,29,30 and 32-34</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>4,11,12,22-25,29,30 and 32-34</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12\\ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 LLS C & 110(a)	(d) or (f)				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
	* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
obstance attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies flot received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:						

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Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 11-8-06 has been entered. The amendment filed 8-8-06 has been entered into the record. Claims 1-3, 5-10, 13-21, 26-28 and 31 have been cancelled. Claims 4, 11, 12, 22-25, 29, 30 and 32-34 are pending and under examination.

The text of Title 35 of the U.S. Code not reiterated herein can be found in the previous office action.

Rejections Maintained

The rejection of claims 4, 11, 12, 22-25, 29, 30, 32 and 34 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph as failing to comply with the written description requirement is maintained in part for reasons made of record in the Office Action mailed 1-23-06 and 6-8-06.

Applicant's arguments have again been carefully considered but are not fully persuasive. Applicant indicates that the examiner has indicated that transient urticaria is equivalent to type I hypersensitivity. This is not what was stated by the examiner. The examiner indicated that transient urticaria was only exhibited by Type I hypersensitivity of all the hypersensitivity types. The examiner did not state that transient urticaria provided written description for Type I hypersensitivity. Urticaria of Type I hypersensitivity is IgE mediated and there is no evidence in the specification of IgE to dextran or any other component. Transient urticaria can appear in the absence of Type I hypersensitivity as evidenced by the definition of urticaria in Dorlands Medical Dictionary or Stedman's Medical Dictionary. Thus, the statement of transient urticaria in the

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specification would not necessarily lead the skilled artisan to type 1 hypersensitivity. The claims are not viewed as limited to transient urticaria due to dextran in a control.

Applicant's arguments are inconsistent with the structure and limitations of the claims. Further, the specification as filed does not support false positive hypersensitivity reactions due to other factors and other microfluidized components or diluents. Therefore, the relied upon composition of the specification of Example 3, is not commensurate with the claims.

Claims 4, 30, 32, 33 and 34 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Leishmania Research project DOD-8B, or Stitler et al (Production of Leishmania Skin Test GMP Protocol requirement 1 and 2, 1994 and 1995).

Applicant's arguments have been carefully considered but are not persuasive. Applicant argues that the product of the prior art does not provide the functional limitation of "does not care transient urticaria or transient urticaria of type 1 hypersensitivity when administered to a human subject. This is not persuasive; the testing of Rowton et al explicitly teaches that the tested products of the prior art did not provide inappropriate response in naïve quinea pigs. Applicant argues that it is well known in the art that the animals and humans exhibit different hypersensitivities to a plurality of compounds. This is not persuasive, the claims are not limited to reactions in humans and applicant has not established on the record that dextran does not cause under any circumstances hypersensitivity reactions in guinea pigs. Applicant argues the statement that the properties of the compositions of the prior art are inherent, is incorrect because Example 3 teaches that the statement is incorrect because a prior art microfluidized preparation was tested and did in fact cause a false positive reaction. This is not persuasive, the issues is the products of the cited art not some other product tested in the specification. Applicant argues that the explicit properties are not disclosed. This is not persuasive; the properties are inherent to the preparations, in view that no

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hypersensitivity reactions were seen in naïve animals. Applicant has provided no testing of the cited prior art products to obviate this rejection. Applicant argues that the reference do not explicitly teach the properties. This is not persuasive, inasmuch as the functional property of the prior art is met, so is the free of dextran. Applicant argues that the references are non-enabling, because the art does not teach which ingredients in the lysate preparation may or may not be responsible for causing false positive sensitivity reactions. This is not persuasive, the art is enabling because it teaches how to make and test the product. Applicant has previously argued the skill in the art is high, one of skill of course knows how to microfluidize the parasites in any buffer and therefore the disclosure of the prior are is sufficient to make the lysate preparation. The prior art made and tested the lysate preparation. The product is inherently anticipated, the function and structure is inherent in the product of the prior art and fully disclosed by Applicants well before the filing of this application.

Since the Office does not have the facilities for examining and comparing applicant's protein with the protein of the prior art, the burden is on applicant to show a novel or unobvious difference between the claimed product and the product of the prior art (i.e., that the protein of the prior art does not possess the same structural and functional characteristics of the claimed product). See *In re Best*, 562 F.2d 1252, 195 USPQ 430 (CCPA 1977) and *In re Fitzgerald et al.*, 619 F.2d 67, 205 USPQ 594 (CCPA 1980).

Claims 4, 29, 30, 32, 33 and 34 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Stitler et al $(47^{th}$ Annual meeting of the ASTM&H, San Juan, PR, 1998).

Applicant consolidated and argued this rejection for the same reasons as the 102(b) rejection set forth above. Applicant's arguments are not persuasive for the reasons set forth *supra*.

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Claims 11, 21, 22-25 stand rejected under 103(a) as being unpatentable over Leishmania Research project DOD-8B, or Stitler et al (Production of Leishmania Skin Test GMP Protocol requirement 1 and 2, 1994 and 1995) or Stitler et al (47th Annual meeting of the ASTM&H, San Juan, PR, 1998) each taken in view of Reed (US 2002/0169285).

Applicant's arguments have been carefully considered but are not persuasive for the following reasons. Applicant argues that since the references under 102(b) fall, so does the rejections under 103. This is not persuasive because the rejections under 102(b) are maintained for reasons made of record. Even should the rejections under 102(b) fall, the claims would still be rejected under 103 because Reed et al specifically teach that pharmaceutical formulation of lysed preparations include a saline solution with appropriate preservative such as phenol and/or Tewen80TM. As such, Applicants arguments are not persuasive. Further, the art of Reed et al teaches that this is conventional formulation of lysates for skin testing, which do not include dextran.

Conclusion

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Patricia A. Duffy whose telephone number is 571-272-0855. The examiner can generally be reached on M-Th 6:30 am - 6:00 pm. If attempts to

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reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's Supervisor, Jeffrey Siew can be reached on 571-272-0787.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Patricia A. Buffy

Primary Examiner

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